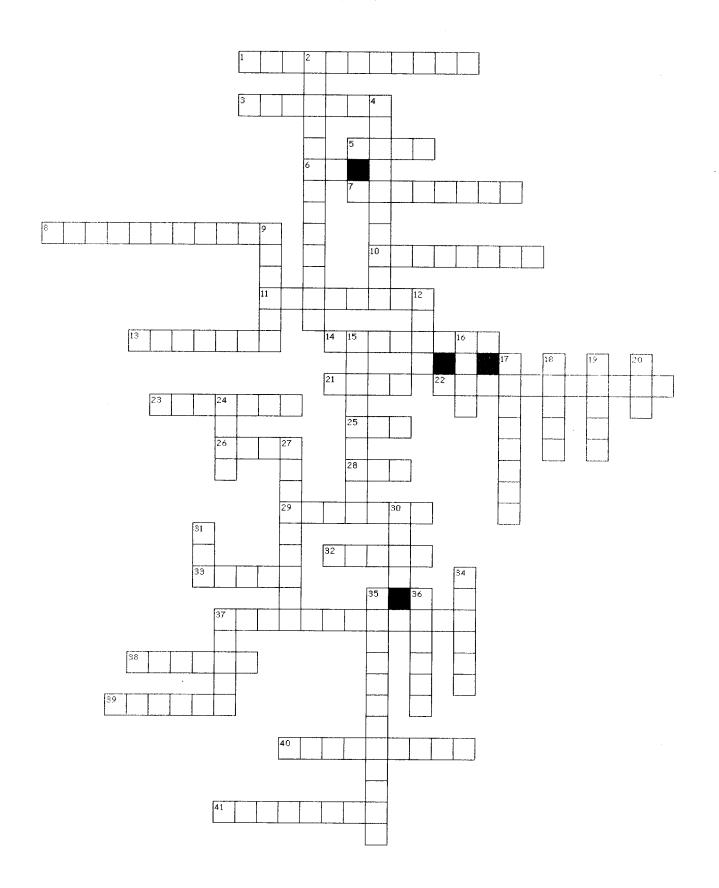
Ch. 8-10



X

NCIUSS
1. when yeast and hydrogen peroxide are mixed, a change occurs
3 electrons are important for bonding
5. a chemical holds two atoms together
6 paper changes to one of numerous colors to indicate the pH of a substance
7. a reaction is a process in which one or more substances change to make one or more n
3. number that is placed in front of a chemical symbol or formula when you balance an equation
10. group of atoms that are held together by chemical forces
11. substances formed in a chemical reaction
13 juice indicator changes to one of numerous colors to indicate the pH of a substance
14. bond formed by the attraction between positively charged metal ions and the electrons aroun
21. pH of the strongest acids
22. reaction that absorbs energy/heat
23. a chemical is a simple way to describe which elements are in a chemical substance
25. number of valence electrons of Magnesium
26. acids have a taste
28. number of valence electrons of Sodium
29. ionic compounds have a high melting point, shape, and help conduct electricity
32. type of bond formed when electrons are gained or lost
33. number of valence electrons of Chlorine
37. the law of of energy states that energy cannot be created or destroyed
38. type of covalent bond formed between the carbon atoms in C1H4
39. bases have a taste
40. ability to be drawn into wires
41. type of bond formed when electrons are shared
Down .
2. formation of a solid substance which often indicates that a chemical reaction has occurred
4. reaction that releases energy/heat
9. type of covalent bond formed between the carbon atoms in C1H1
12. when an acid neutralizes a base, a and water are produced
15. metals conduct electricity well because valence are free to move throughout the
16. charged particles that form when atoms gain or lose electrons
17. pH of the strongest bases
18. coefficient in front of I when the following equation is balanced: Sb + I2-> SbI2
18. coefficient in front of I when the following equation is balanced: Sb + I 2 -> SbI 3 19. you can tell how many valence electrons an element has by looking at the
20. number of valence electrons of Oxygen
24. equations must be balanced because of the law of conservation of
27. starting materials in a chemical reaction
30. lemon juice is an example of a(n)
31. formation occurs when you mix baking soda and vinegar
34. type of covalent bond formed by the sharing of 2 electrons
35. ability to be rolled or pounded into thin sheets
36. paper changes either red or blue to determine is something is an acid, base, or neut
37 a change occurs when you blow air into a heaver with water and Bromothymol Blyo

ords were placed into the puzzle

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